

The Role of the Huamual Police in Handling the Distribution of Liquor in Talaga Negeri Luhu Hamlet, Huamual District, West Seram Regency

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Abstract

This research is a qualitative descriptive study that aims to find out how the role of the Huamual Police in Handling the Distribution of Liquor in Talaga Negeri Luhu Hamlet, Huamual District, West Seram Regency. Primary data collection was carried out through interviews with alcohol users who had been involved in brawls and teachers who had a role in preventing brawls between students. Based on the results of the study, it was found that the role of the Huamual Police in Handling the Distribution of Liquor in Talaga Negeri Luhu Hamlet, Huamual District, West Seram Regency, namely: 1. The actions and steps of the police, especially the Huamual Police in dealing with the distribution of liquor, are quite good because the police referring to and looking at the laws and regulations stated in the legal standards, namely the 1945 Constitution. The obstacles experienced by the police which many experienced in the field included: a.) there was a late report so that the TKP was damaged by people who found witnesses witness in the local community. b.) lack of notification or information from the public in seeing the scene of the incident. c.) Witness testimony that was covered up or covered up and not lyrical in giving information to investigators at the TKP.

Keywords: The role of the police, Liquor



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INTRODUCTION

Environmental conditions with rapid changes sometimes cause social norms and sanctions to become looser and various subcultures and foreign cultures conflict with each other, all of these factors have an influence that gives rise to criminal behavior. One of the influences is the drinking culture, which often causes problems. Liquor is a stimulant, because it contains elements that can refresh the body, but this is an erroneous opinion because stimulants are only temporary, while other effects are felt by users, in the long term there is an emphasis on the central nervous system which causes lethargy, drowsiness and loss of consciousness. themselves, it is often found that old people consume liquor as a result of the influence of alcohol addiction such as sopi when they were young. When there are several community members consuming liquor (Sopi) in groups, the impact is very large.

To overcome the abuse of liquor, it is necessary to have strict law. Therefore, people must tend to be afraid of the consequences if the law is violated so that there must be government efforts to make people afraid/deterrent as stated in PERMENDAG No. 20 of 2014 concerning Control and Supervision of the Distribution of Liquor/alcohol in essence can endanger physical and spiritual health, disrupt public order and security and threaten the future life of the nation's generation.

The rampant circulation of liquor is one of the proofs that the function, role and position of law enforcement officials is weak and not optimal, as well as the role and position of religion as a moral, spiritual and ethical basis in the life of society, nation and state. The increasingly widespread circulation of alcoholic beverages such as sopi in Talaga Village, Negeri Luhu, Huamual District, West Seram Regency, can cause problems that the local community does not want, such as several problems, including incidents of fights between

youths that started with consuming liquor (sopi). . In a state of emotion, uncontrolled, they tease each other, nudge each other and then attack each other so that it can lead to major conflicts and can lead to death.

This problem occurs continuously so it needs to be limited by people who consume liquor. In this case, the role and actions of law enforcement officials are urgently needed, namely the police in eradicating liquor such as sopi in Talaga Hamlet, Negeri Luhu, Huamual District, West Seram Regency, which is not in accordance with what is expected by the local community to create greater stability. safe, peaceful and a sense of family harmony.

RESEARCH METHODS

The type of research used in this study is descriptive qualitative, that is, systematically factual and accurate descriptions of factors in the field related to matters in the field. Arikunto (2006:240). The purpose of this descriptive research is to make descriptive and describe the facts about the problem being investigated as it is, and accompanied by accurate analysis, the way to collect and analyze data related to the object of study (Hadari Nawawi, 2003: 64).

This study uses a purposive sampling technique, which is a technique for determining the research sample with certain considerations that aim to make the data obtained later be more representative. Sugiyono (2010:93). The location for this research is Talaga Hamlet, Negeri Luhu, Huamual District, West Seram Regency. The research subject is an attribute or characteristic or value of a person, object or activity that has defined variables to be studied and conclusions drawn. Sugiyono (2013:32). Thus, the subjects of the study were 4 police officers on duty in the field. Kasat satreskrim. And 20 alcohol users. All of them serve as informants.

RESEARCH RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

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Based on the results of the research conducted by the researcher for each respondent, it is known that the habit of drinking alcohol among the people is a phenomenon that often occurs in the area, there are many factors that cause their free time to drink liquor, of course, if this is allowed to continue, it will certainly hinder personality. someone, for this reason the role of the police is needed in efforts to overcome community ills which are part of social policy and efforts to protect the community which can be carried out in two ways, namely the penal route and the non penal route. The penal route emphasizes the repressive nature or suppression, extermination, after the crime has occurred, and the non-penal route emphasizes the preventive nature, namely preventing a number of crimes from occurring related to repressive duties, the police mainly carry out the mandate of the Criminal Procedure Code (KUHP) No. 8 1981 or commonly referred to as the Criminal Code, namely investigators and investigators, the role of the police is needed by the community to solve social problems resulting from drinking, namely by further increasing performance in the implementation that has been carried out so far.

In accordance with the formulation of the first problem related to the role of the police in dealing with the circulation of alcohol, for this reason the researcher obtained the results of interviews from the second respondent regarding "which areas are known to the huamual police who often consume liquor " which the researcher did by "Mr. Narjun Wagola" As Binmas said that as follows: "For inspection of areas that consume alcohol and distribute alcohol without permission, we from the police found that there are several villages that often distribute liquor, including villages, ariate, Prepared village, Batu Lubang hamlet, Luhu village, Iha village, Tamarind hamlet, Eli hamlet.

Based on the results of the interview above which was conducted by the researcher to Mr. Narjun Wagola "As Binmas, I as a researcher draw a conclusion from the question above that the more alcohol is circulated in certain areas, the more criminal acts and discrimination will be experienced, causing societal inconvenience. In carrying out its duties and functions the police are preventive. And safe repressive actions taken by members of the police to prevent and reduce the bad impact that will occur with the support and participation of the community where if the police fail to take preventive action, the police take repressive steps that put more emphasis and oversight of the community. Alcoholics who are affected by drinking cannot be controlled by society and crimes that occur due to drinking. People who cannot control the amount of alcohol they drink are called alcoholism. This problem is the role and task of the police to overcome so that it does not become more rampant. The role of the police is urgently needed to take firm action against retail or illegal liquor sellers. In the hamlet of Talaga in order to get a deterrent effect so that security and order are always maintained in society. Law has existed since society existed, which in other words is called *ubi societates ibi ius* (no society without law).

Obstacles Encountered by the Huamual Police in Handling Liquor in Talaga Hamlet, Luhu District, Huamual District, West Seram Regency

The importance of evidence for investigators in disclosing criminal acts and completing the case report (BAP) after the bap of the investigation process is completed is then submitted to the prosecutor as a public prosecutor, in addition to investigators evidence is needed by the police to be able to corroborate the indictment for the criminal act and the judge requires evidence to be able to strengthen the belief in a criminal act that occurred in accordance with its objective to achieve material truth. For this reason, the provisions of the Criminal Code have included several articles that threaten criminal sanctions for those who damage or destroy evidence. In an effort to obtain evidence on TKPs, investigators often encounter obstacles. There are two factors experienced by the police, especially the Huamual Polsek, namely external obstacles and internal obstacles. External obstacles can be in the form of unfavorable weather, the proximity of the TKP to investigators, and obstacles to the public's ignorance of the importance of TKP in the study with the obstacles experienced by many investigators in the field, including: 1). natural factors. These natural factors can change the authenticity of the crime scene. 2). there were late reports so that the TKP was damaged by people who found witnesses in the local community. 3). lack of news or information from the public in seeing the scene. 4). the testimony of witnesses who were covered up or covered up and not straight forward in giving information to investigators at the TKP.

Based on the explanation of the obstacles carried out by the police as described above, based on the results of interviews conducted by researchers by the Huamual Police, the results of their research through interviews with Huamual sub-district police officers stated that the obstacles experienced by the police in conducting alcohol inspections were yes. as follows: "So this is how we are from the police, especially as a task force at the Huamual sub-district police, there are several conditions that do not allow us, as the party with the authority to carry out the inspection, there are obstacles that we get in carrying out the inspection, namely, as in dealing with liquor, there are obstacles that encountered, namely the lack of information from the local community to us the police regarding the distribution of this liquor."

Based on the results of the interview with Mr. Provos Buhari Kaliky as explained according to the results of the interview above, it shows that there are obstacles found by the police in dealing with the circulation of liquor for this reason, the police in conducting investigations do not necessarily get evidence or evidence directly. directly because there are

various obstacles that are obtained. as explained above the factor of the absence of notification or information by the public to the police is one of the obstacles in obtaining evidence, so that in carrying out investigations by the police there is an element of delay experienced by the huamual police in carrying out investigations distribution of alcohol in the hamlet of Talaga.

CONCLUSION

Based on the results of research on "The Role of the Huamual Police in Handling the Spread of Liquor in Talaga Negeri Luhu Hamlet, Huamual District, West Seram District", the conclusions obtained are as follows: The actions and steps of the police, especially the Huamual police in dealing with the circulation of liquor, have quite good because the police refer to and look at the laws and regulations contained in the legal standards, namely the 1945 Constitution. In carrying out their duties members of the police have discretionary authority in carrying out raids and confiscations. The raids are carried out by the police based on the public interest because they disturb the comfort of the community, with the existence of illegal trading places it will invite a lot of people. Things that are done by members of the police such as joint raids and raids carried out by the police against buyers and sellers of liquor. Many of the obstacles experienced by the police in the field included: a.) there was a late report so that the TKP was damaged by people who found witnesses in the local community. b) lack of notification or information from the public in seeing the scene of the incident. c.) Witness testimony that was covered up or covered up and not lyrical in giving information to investigators at the TKP.

Advice to the Police: to the Huamual Police, in this case dealing with the problem of the spread of liquor, it is necessary to socialize the dangers of using liquor and the importance of reporting any problems regarding alcohol to the authorities, namely the police. Suggestions to the Community: the people of Dusun Talaga should be able to help the police in dealing with the spread of liquor. This can be done by the community by reporting any problems related to alcohol to the police.

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